NO. 3859.

WEATHER-FAIR.

WASHINGTON, D. C., THURSDAY, MAY 17, 1917.

TWO CENTS

U. S. DESTROYER FIGHTS BATTLE IN EUROPEAN WATERS WITH 'SUB': RESULT KEPT SECRET BY LONDON

FRENCH MISSION THANKS AMERICA FOR GLAD HAND

Envoys, ir. Farewell Message, Express Appreciation of Reception.

WILL CUT VISIT SHORT

Special Mention Made of Generous Contributions Toward Fund for France's War Orphans.

As farewell message to the people of America from the friendly mission of the sister republic, France, soon to depart for home, was given out late yesterday

Pressing demands for their presence in France have caused M. Viviani, former Premier of France, and Marsh l Joffre to cut short their visit. The date of

their departure has not yet beer settled Their message yesterday is couched in warm words of appreciation for the re

warm words of appreciation for the re-ception they received here, within the borders of the newest ally.

"The whole mission was deeply grati-fied by the reception it met with every-where," it says, "and not only gratified but surprised at the universal enthusi-asm shown. The trip was not only a most pleasant one, but excited an in-tense interest in all the members of the party and increased their great regret party and increased their great regret in being unable to extend their journey

and we shall return with a feeling that despite the variety of local conditions that we encountered, the sentiment was everywhere unanimous, even if its mani-festations were different.

Regrets Expressed.

Among many regrets there is one the mission particularly wishes to express, and that is, that in spite of its keen desire to do so, it was utterly unable to visit New Orleans, Richmond, and a few of the Southern States. It had intended do so, but urgent business recalled it washington, and it has had to devote the whole of its time to a discussion of the different problems presented to it. They in the mission hopes that all the towns which so kindly extended invitations to the will understand that only considerations of an imperious nature could have a since it had gone to the war zone. prevented it from visiting them. It un-fortunately had to sacrifice its desires to the common cause and trusts that the same sacrifices will be cheerfully accept-ed by all those who expected its visit and whom it has, to its great regret, dis-

reception everywhere accorded sion in the Middle West was bewords fervent and toucned us all deeply. It was clear even to a superdeeply. It was clear even to a super-ficial observer that everywhere the citi-zens of the different towns it passed through were whole-heartedly in sympa-thy with the mission and all united in the common cause. It would be inidious to pick out any special region or own as baving manifested its feeling in more charming way than any other. for everywhere from Washington to Chifor everywhere from Washington to Chi-cryo, from Kansas City and St. Louis to 8 ringfield and Columbus, from Colum-bs to Indianapolis, from Philadelphia aud New York to Boston and Baltimore, every kind of ingenious manifestation of good will was showered upon the mission. The memory that the mission will take away of its hurried trip tirough too small a part of the United States will glow in the recollection of all.

Magnificent Welcome.

France already knows what a magnificent welcome was accorded us every-where, but we hope on our return to

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO

Spend This \$4.80 for Other Things

It will pay the increased price on over 150 pounds of sugar, or on over 100 loaves of the new, big 10-cent loaves of bread.

Here's the way others are going to the Two-cent Daily and Sunday HERALD served into the home at the old ONE-CENT price-30 cents a month.

HOME-SUBSCRIBER INCREASES

For the four weeks

ending Saturday, May 12th, including 119 subscriptions not previously acknowl-edged..... 1,837

Monday, May 14....

Tuesday, May 15.....

2,002

YOU help yourself as well as the community when YOU patthe community when YUU pat-ronize the merchants who sup-port with their advertising the paper working for the best in-terests of the community."

First Clash Since America **Entered War Is Announced** By the British Admiralty

BULLETIN.

London, May 16.—A battle between an American destroyer and a German submarine has been fought in European waters, the admiralty announced tonight.

The result of the conflict was not made public. The battle marked the entrance of American battleships in the European war.

The announcement of the arrival of the Amer- Vessels Arrived at Queensican destroyers in European waters was made to-

The International News Service on May 10 GREETINGS EXCHANGED carried an exclusive report from Norfolk saying an American torpedo boat had been hit by a German submarine.

The report is said to have originated from an American battleship which had picked up a wire-

Naval officers at the Norfolk Navy Yard and waters. "The welcome was everywhere most enthusiastic, yet varied according to the different places through which we passed, they had no knowledge of the report.

NAVY WITHOUT WORD YET.

Navy Department officials, when informed at midnight that the British daily touch with the chief of staff. admiralty had announced there had been a battle between an American destroyer and a German submarine, said they had received no such in- are rendering the allies is of the greatest

They expressed keen interest in the report of the engagement and were anxious to know the general location of the place of battle.

They then said that they had received no news of the destroyer fleet

Plenary Powers Delegated To Government of Russia message and welcomes the opportunity to work with the British for the freedom of the seas."

Russia, today lost his two months' battle with A. F. Kerensky, the Social-ist advocate of "open diplomacy" and early general peace. Miliukoff resigned from the office of

rade. Tereschtenke, hitherto minister of finance. Then Kerensky himself "accepted" the ministry of war and marine, succeeding Gutchkoff.

For weeks the dramatic fight between the two men, who were the chief pilots in the March revolution, had grown more and more bitter. It reached its climax when the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates handed its ultimatum to the provisional government, saying it would consent to a coalition ministry only if Miliukoff relinquished the foreign office.

To make possible a coalition government, seemingly the only solution of Russia's chaotic situation. Miliukoff finally sacrificed himself for the sake of unity. The results were quick and

The results were quick and of unity. The results were quick and celling. Late this evening it was official-

cardinal points:

Unity of the entente fronts.

Fullest confidence of the revolutionary can use it.

Immediately after this news was offiminuson resigned from the office of foreign minister in the provisional government. Kerensky succeeded in placing into that office his friend and party comrade. Tereschtenke, hitherto minister of finance. Then Kerensky himself "accept the ministry of public instruction."

The victory of Kerensky and through him of the council is not absolute. The The victory of Kerensky and through him of the council is not absolute. The cabinet shift, however, is looked upon as the entering wedge in the assertion of the council's demands. These include

t. Renunciation by Russia of all aims of conquest, appexation and indemnity of conquest, annexation and indemnity as the basic principle for a general, not

separate, peace.

2. "Pitles publicity" of all foreign Atlantic liner, treaties and agreements.

The bulk of the provisional governaments a message of a message ment, led by Miliukoff, has been unequiv-ocally opposed to both these demands. Now that Miliukoff has laid down the reins of Rusisa's foreign policy and a youthful radical Socialist has been put nto his office, the council hopes to force their fulfillment.

by announced that the government, the executive committee of the Duma, and the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates had agreed on these three using the army as a club, and placed himself in a position where he himself

British Regain Lost Ground; French Repulse Heavy Drive

(By the International News Service.) | trenches on a front of 3,000 yards to the London, May 16 .- Except for a French local reverse on the Aisne front, military operations in the last twenty-four hours greatly favored the entente.

The British, according to unofficial of a stubborn defense, front dispatches, wrested from the Germans most of the ground in Bullecourt by storm the villages of Zagora and Zagomila, both to the east of the Isonzo. ton counter drive.

The French withstood a terrific new drive by the crown prince's troops on a front of two and a half miles in the region of Moulin de Laffaux, northeast of Soissons, where the Germans are trying to turn the French left on the "Road of the Ladies." On various points violent dighting was still in progress tonight.

Berlin announced a penetration of the French line on a front of one-third of a mile by Brandenburg troops, who took 175 prisoners. The gain was firmly heid, the German war office asserts.

Further south, between Loga and Bombrez they forded the stream and "dug themselves in" on the east bank, taking Bombrez village and holding their gains firmly.

North of Gorgizia they wrested from the Austro-Hungarians a series of hills on the river's eastern bank.

The Italian war office was able today to announce the first concrete results of Gen. Cadorna's spring drive on the thirty-five mile front from Tolmino to the head of the Adriatic.

"Up to the present time," says the of-

prisoners. The gain was firmly held, the German war office asserts.

In Macedonia the British scored the most important success recorded on that theater by the entente this year. Thrusting forward from their Doiran front, which constitutes Gen. Sarrall's right wing, they captured the village of Kjapri. At the same time they stormed ahead on the Struma front and seized Bulgarian tacks were repulsed."

southwest of Emekel. Tonight the Rome war office nounced the capture of three and an important advance all along the thirty-five-mile front in the face

In the plava sector the Italians took

Further south, between Loga and

AMERICAN FLOTILLA AT FRONT ASSISTING ENTENTE WARSHIPS IN HUNT FOR TEUTON U-BOATS

SIMS' WARSHIPS OF BIG SERVICE, BRITAIN STATES

town and Then Proceeded to Patrol Zones.

Grand Fleet Rejoices Over Co-opera tion of American Navy in Keeping Seas Free.

(By the International News Service.) London, May 16.-The British admiralty officially announced today that an Amer can torpedo boat destroyer flotilla is now 'at the front," somewhere in European

The admiralty statement says: "A United States destroyer flotilla has

arrived to co-operate with our naval

"The American destroyers arrived at

"Rear Admiral Sims, U. S. N., is "The services the United States vessels

value and is deeply appreciated." Greetings were exchanged between Admiral Sir David Beatty, commander of the British Grand Fleet, and Admiral Henry r. Mayo, cor Atlantic fleet,

The message of Admiral Beatty read:
"The grand fleet rejoices that the Atcantic fleet now shares the task of preserving the liberties of the world and
maintenance of chivalry on the seas."

Admiral Mayo, in his reply, said: 'The Atlantic fleet appreciates you

American Vessels Cheered,

Soon after the American squadron ar-Thus, for the first time since the over-throw of Czarism, a basis has been formulated for an understanding be-tween the three bodies in whose hands lie the destiny of Russia.

Inved at the English port, it put to sea again. Several hundred persons, carry-ing American flags, cheered the Ameri-can vessels. Greetings were exchanged between the American and British senior officers. United States Consul Frost, of English port. Queenstown, was among those who was on hand to greet the American vessels. The commander of the British flotilla

was one of the first to congratulate the American officers on their safe voyage. "When will you be ready for business." he asked after the ceremonies were over

"At once." the American commander replied. way over, and that is why we are ready

One of the destroyers performed was duty on the voyage over, picking up and escorting through the danger zone a large The British passengers on board sent

a message of greeting to the commander of the destroyer, expressing their "keen appreciation of this practical co-opera-tion between the government and peoples of the United States and the British em-

Petain Wants U. S. Army In France Immediately

Paris, May 16.-A plea for the United States to send an army to France immediately was issued today by Gen. Petain, the famous soldier who yesterday be-came commander-in-chief of all the French armies in the field.

"What is imperative now is men," said Gen. Petain. "What France needs most is men-infantry. We fully believe that of all the nations the United States can do most in the least time. What we look "There hasn't been one instant of needto America for is quick action in order to relieve the nations which have already suffered so much. We look to America also to see hig things done."

NEW WAR MAPS OF WORLD IN FOUR COLORS ALL BATTLE FRONTS

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THE HERALD A sixteen page set of large scale, authentic maps on extra heavy super-calendered paper for

coupons AND ONLY 25c ADD 3 CENTS ON MAIL ORDERS

U-Boat Toll for Week Lowest in Five Weeks (By International News Service)

(By International News Service)
London, May 16.—The number of
boats sent to the bottom during
the week ended last Sunday constituted the lowest total of British vessels of more than 1,600 tons
in five weeks. Only eighteen ships
of that category were sunk, as
against twenty-four, thirty-eight,
forty, and nineteen, respectively,
in the preceding four weeks.
Only five British ships of less

Only five British ships of less than 1,800 tons were sunk in the past week, which is also the small-set toll within five weeks, the last low watermark having been two, sunk in the week ended April 8. A list of British shipping losses as officially reported in London since February I, when unrestrict-ed U-boat warfare went into ef-fect, follows:



Ambassador Penfield in U. S.: Convoyed by French Warship

New York, May 16.—Convoyed by a French destroyer. Frederic Courtland Penfield, U. S. Ambassador to Austria, arrived at an American port today aboard a French steamer.

"The steamship was attended by the naval vessel until we were well into the Atlantic," said Mr. Penfield. "The captain told me that it was fortunate, as the waters near the port from which the ship sailed were infested with submarines."

U. S. DESTROYERS SAIL NORTH SEA IN "SUB" SEARCH

Vessels, Under Rear Admiral Sims, Have Been Patrolling European Waters Since May 4.

Three thousand miles from home, out in the gray waters of the Atlantic and the North Sea, a fleet of American destroyers is hunting down German submar nes.

The Stars and Stripes have been carried across the ocean. The American navy has taken its place beside the fleets of the other free nations in the fight against that ruthlessness which sends women and children without a word of warning to death at the bottom of the sea.

DANIELS MAKES ANNOUNCEMENT.

Official admission that American warships have joined the ranks of the allied navies in the search for submarines in those very waters which the submarines have made their hunting ground was made by Secretary the Navy Daniels last night.

The destroyer flotilla is under command of Rear Admiral William S. Sims, one of the most expert officers of the navy. Its personnel was selected with the utmost care. When it left American shores late in April it carried with it the best the navy had.

It had been known in Washington for several weeks that American destroyers were co-operating with the British and French navies in European waters. For military reasons the newspapers agreed to withhold the news under the voluntary censorship.

Government Will Prosecute Speculators in Food Prices

Pupils, Sell Junk. Redfield Advises

Children are asked to go into the rag, iron, and paper business by Secretary of Commerce Red-

He recommended that in every city and town an organization be formed to systematize the collec-tion of junk by children in order to raise funds for war relief work.

LODGE SCORES SPEED-UP IDEA

Senators do not want to be called lackers. That is what Senator Lodge mphatically declared yesterday afteroon on the floor of the Upper House. He voiced in no uncertain terms his objection to being so criticised because he

less delay since April 14 to my knowledge. Congress is not going to be stampeded into passing bills, carrying such huge appropriations, perhaps some unconstitutional, because some one who has re-cently got control of a bureau thinks un-less he has unlimited power, the country is in danger," said Senator Lodge in his

same stand against the administration.
The former of these disclosed the nature
of the debate that has been going on all day behind closed doors, when he said: "I will not vote \$1 for this appropriation until this board exercises its legal duty and informs Congress of what it has been

Raps Shipping Board.

The board he alluded to was the Ship-The board he alluded to was the Shipping Board. Early in the day when the great bill carrying a war budget of \$3,390,000,000 was brought up. Senator Martin moved that it be discussed in secret session. The first appropriation in it was \$500,000 for the Shipping Board.

It was learned that during the secret session the board was criticised bitterly because the Senate was asked to make the appropriation without knowledge of the progress of the body. As a matter of fact, the appropriation was left hang-

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.

Department of Justice Decides to Press Cases—Indictments May Be Return Method to Bress Cases—Inbeen engaged in the war zone since May 4 without casualties of any sort was the gist of the Navy Department's announcement last night. The statement said: ed Within Few Days.

Federal grand jury indictments of speculators in food prices in several large centers, including grain and produce markets, will be returned, probably within a few days, it was determined last night by Attorney General Gregory following an all-day conference with George W. Anderson of Boston, and Robert W. Childs, of Chicago, the government's special investitors into price boosting and grain and produce market manipulating.

Conclusive evidence showing price.

Conclusive evidence showing price Resents Being Called Slacker for Refusing to Rush
Through War Bills.

Conclusive evidence showing price fixing in the handling of foodstuffs, sufficient to warrant indictments in several cities, were laid before the Attorney General. The department last night withheld information as to the cities in which indictments may be expected or the number of individuals likely to be reported. uals likely to be involved. It is known, however, that there are numerous cases which the government will prosecute immediately. The first cases cute immediately. The first cases probably will be pressed in Chicago and Boston

Closeted Several Hours.

District Attorney Anderson, in general charge of the high-cost-of-living investi-gation, and Special Assistant Childs, in charge of the probe into conditions in the grain and produce markets, were closeted several hours with Assistant Attorney General Todd, and later the three went over the masses of reports with the Attorney General and prepared a schedule of the cases to be pressed.

Attorney General Gregory would Attorney General Gregory would not discuss the cases beyond admitting that discuss the cases beyond admitting that evidence collected would justify indictments incisive tones.

Senators Fall and Poindexter took the same stand against the administration of the country, but I am led to believe from the reports submitted that there is from the reports submitted that there is much hysteria occasioned by reports

much hysteria occasioned by reports of food shortage.

"It is ridiculous to think there will be starvation in this country. There will be sufficient food. Many of the present high prices are the result of inadequate distribution facilities."

Mr. Gregory said he believed if the President is given authority by Consequent

President is given authority by Congress to direct freight shipments and give priority to certain classes of freight, the food situation would be materially im-

Births, Marriages and Deaths. The Washington Hersid is printing daily no-tices of births, marriages, and deaths among the people of Washington.

These notices appear today on page 8.

In War Zone Since May 4.

It was not until the British admiralty, apparently for the effect the announce-ment would have on the morale of the British armies and people, made public

"United States naval vessels have been operating with allied naval forces Federal grand jury indictments of in European waters since May 4.

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO

ANOTHER SCOOP!

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less thousands of newspaper readers throughout the length and breadth of the land—will Appear Exclusively

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